

MTH 605: Topology I

Practice Assignment VII

- Show that any covering space of the torus T is isomorphic to T , or the plane, or $S^1 \times \mathbb{R}$.
- Show that for $g \geq 1$, the closed nonorientable surface N_g with g crosscaps is double-covered by the closed orientable surface S_{g-1} . Derive the subgroup of $\pi_1(N_g)$ that corresponds to this cover.
- Consider the closed orientable surface S_g of genus $g \geq 2$.
 - Show that any k -sheeted cover of S_g is homeomorphic to $S_{(g-1)k+1}$.
 - Consider the covering space $p_k : S_{(g-1)k+1} \rightarrow S_g$ induced by the covering action of \mathbb{Z}_k on $S_{(g-1)k+1}$. Derive the subgroup of $\pi_1(S_g)$ that corresponds to this cover.
- For $g \geq 0$ and $b \geq 1$, let $S_{g,b}$ be the orientable surface of genus g with b boundary components (i.e. $S_{g,b}$ is homeomorphic to the surface obtained by the deleting b disjoint open disks from S_g .)
 - Describe a cell-complex structure on $S_{g,b}$.
 - Use this structure to derive a presentation for $\pi_1(S_{g,b})$.
- Find all connected 2-sheeted, 3-sheeted, and 4-sheeted covering spaces of the figure 8 space $S^1 \vee S^1$ up to isomorphism.
- Assume that $\pi_1(S^1 \vee S^1) \cong \langle a, b \rangle$, the free group on two letters a and b . Up to isomorphism, find the covering spaces of $S^1 \vee S^1$ that corresponds to the subgroups $\langle a \rangle \leq \pi_1(S^1 \vee S^1)$ and $\langle b \rangle \leq \pi_1(S^1 \vee S^1)$.
- Consider the covering space $p : \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ of the wedge X of three circles shown in the figure below.

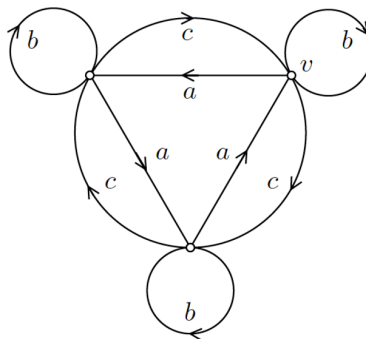


Figure 1: A cover \tilde{X} of the wedge of three circles.

- Show that \tilde{X} is a normal cover.

- (b) Find a free generating set for the subgroup $p_*(\pi_1(\tilde{X}, v))$ of $\pi(X) = \langle a, b, c \rangle$ that corresponds to this cover. [5]
8. Given a group and a normal subgroup N , show that there exists a normal covering $\tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ with $\pi_1(X) \cong G$, $\pi_1(\tilde{X}) \cong N$. and the deck transformation group $G(\tilde{X} \rightarrow X) \approx G/N$.
9. Given covering actions of groups G_1 on X_1 and G_2 on X_2 , show that the action of $G_1 \times G_2$ on $X_1 \times X_2$ defined by $(g_1, g_2)(x_1, x_2) = (g_1(x_1), g_2(x_2))$ is a covering space action, and that $(X_1 \times X_2)/(G_1 \times G_2) \approx X_1/G_1 \times X_2/G_2$.
10. For a covering space $p : \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ with X connected, locally path-connected, and semilocally simply-connected, show that
- The components of \tilde{X} are in one-to-one correspondence with the orbits of the action of $\pi_1(X, x_0)$ on the fiber $p^{-1}(x_0)$.
 - Under the Galois correspondence between connected covering spaces of X and the subgroups of $\pi_1(X, x_0)$, the subgroup corresponding to the component of \tilde{X} containing a given lift \tilde{x}_0 of x_0 is the stabilizer of \tilde{x}_0 , the subgroup consisting of elements whose action on the fiber leaves \tilde{x}_0 fixed.
11. Let X and Y be topological spaces. Suppose there exists continuous maps $f : X \rightarrow Y$ and $g : Y \rightarrow X$ such that $f \circ g \simeq i_Y$ and $g \circ f \simeq i_X$. Then X is said to be *homotopically equivalent* to Y (or X is said to have the *same homotopy type* as Y), denoted by $X \simeq Y$.
- Please read Lemma 58.4, Corollaries 58.5-58.6, and Theorem 58.7 from Munkres.
 - Show that if a space X is contractible, then X has the same homotopy type as a point.
 - Show that if A is a deformation retract of X .
 - Give a counterexample to show that the converse of (b) does not hold always. [Hint: Consider $X = \cup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}_+} (1/n) \times I$ and $x_0 = (0, 1)$.]